

POTENTIAL OF BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTION LIFECYCLE

Berlin 2017-11-16

Agenda

- Distributed ledger technology (blockchain)
- Impact for existing financial markets
- New digital economy

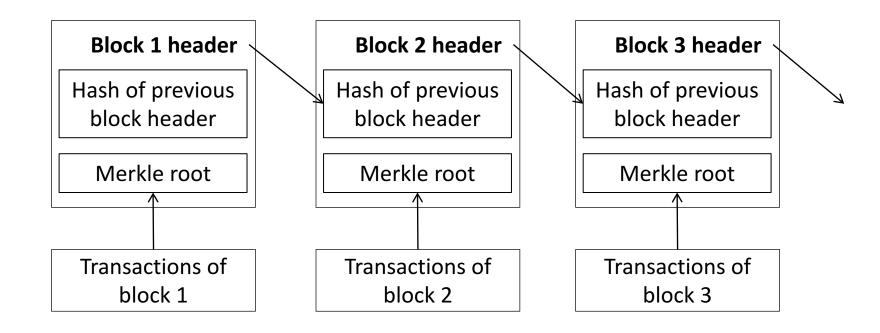


Distributed ledger technology (DLT)

- Blockchain is only a data structure to enable distributed ledger technology
- Expensive solution to substitute counterparty risk
- Works only for digital things

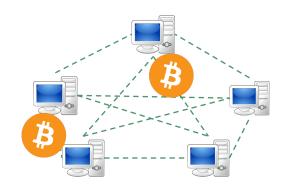


Blockchain as a data structure





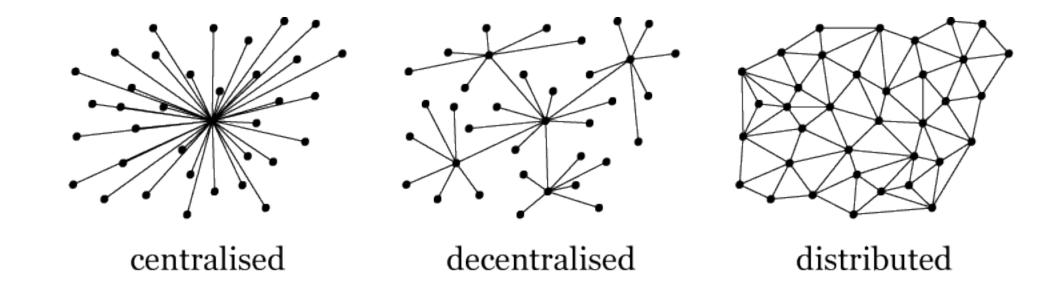
Distributed consensus – key innovation







Distrubuted ≠ decentralised



Elimination of trusted third party



Bank or any other payment facilitator



replaced by

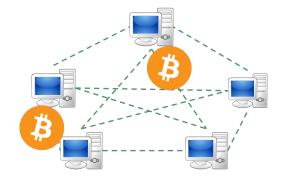


Computer algorithm



Bitcoin as the key application of DLT

Bitcoin – decentralized, peer-topeer network model, which allows the proof and transfer of ownership without a counterparty.

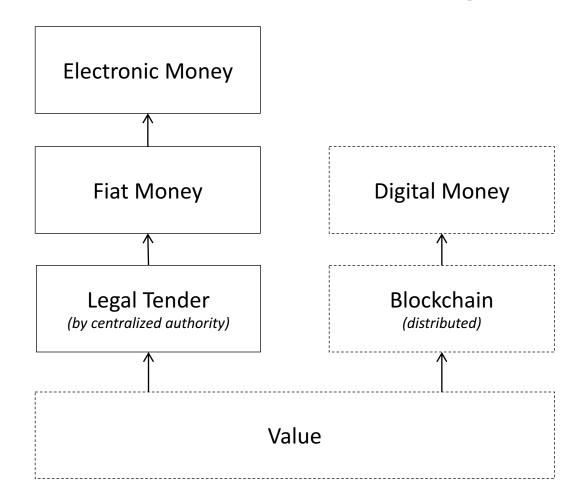


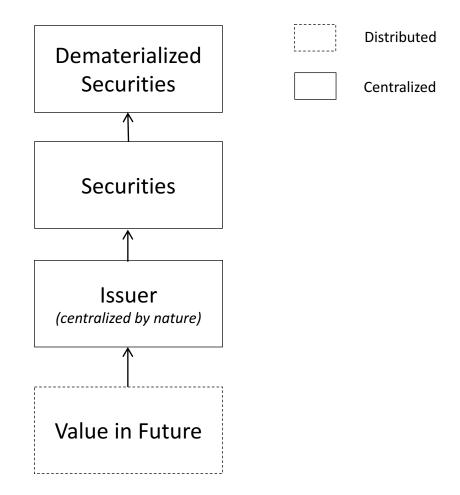
bitcoin –Bitcoin network's unit, mostly perceived as a monetary unit. Usually identified as BTC or XBT.





Electronic is not digital





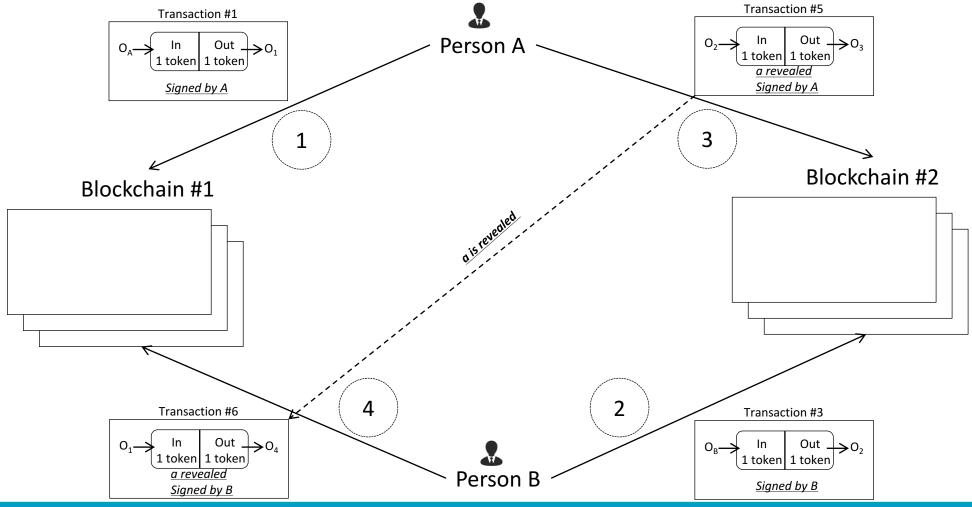


Impact for existing financial markets

- Development/improvement of messaging standards
- Elimination of central clearing houses



Cross-chain transactions





Impact for new financial markets

- Development of new digital assets
 - Purely digital assets
 - Cryptocurrencies
 - Smart contracts
 - Namespaces
 - Utility tokens
 - ICOs
 - Tokenized securities



What is next?

- Standardized procedures for financial markets
- Cryptography based securities exchange
- Advancement in digital currencies as a payment system
- Development of new digital business models to enhance economy





https://bankera.com

info@bankera.com

twitter: @Bankeracom